LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE CITY.

THE STAR FOR THE SUMMER. THE DAILY STAR will be mailed to ersons who may be absent from the city during the summer at the rate of

GENERAL SPINNER'S cash corresponds with his figures, and that autograph will soon go glimmering in the past.

THE hatters are this time wonderfully and fearfully derelict in their duty. Not Dollymount Hat" has yet been advertised.

AND now a Chicago man steps to the front who was just about to invent the great motor when Mr. Keeler's invention was announced.

NEWPORT, Kentucky, and St. Louis, works.

FATHER BURKE, the talented Irish Dominican, whose visit to this country in 1873 will long be remembered, is suffering with an internal cancer, and his life is almost despaired of.

THERE is a peculiar fitness about the location of the headquarters of the Patrons of Husbandry at Louisville. The gentle Granger can reside there in rural quietness, and almost feel that he is on his native heath.

Our municipal muddle does not show any signs of improvement. Added to that with which we were already struggling, comes the statement of the County Auditor that the ordinance providing for the tax levy for 1876 is illegal and can not be placed on the duplicate.

So IT's Venus that has been convulsing all parts of this globe with tornados, earthquakes, hurricanes, and other natural and unnatural phenomena. We rather like the theory, and are inclined to elaborate it by making Saturn responsible for the "rings" that are playing forming the association are fo meet every havoc in all the large cities.

THE two pigs presented by Boston to the Baltimore soldiers who helped celebrate at the Bunker Hill Centennial have arrived in Baltimore and been placed on the farm of Col. Jenkins. We would not snap a single cord of fraternal feeling that was twisted on that memorable occasion, but-were those pigs presented as emblems of the way the Baltimore soldiers conducted themselves at the banquet?

A GEOGRAPHICAL congress is to be held at Paris on the 28th of the present month, to be attended by representatives of nearly all the civilized countries. The object will be to bring about a more thorough and scientific system of geographical explorations, and of preparing for a more complete method of furnishing geographical information. Coming, as this does, at the time when so much interest is being manifested in northern explorations, and also in matters of local interest, the Congress is likely to attract much attention and be well attended, and its deliberations will be a subject of much interest to all. A number of Americans are to be present, but there will probably be none especially authorized to represent the United States. Nor so far as we know will there be any account of the geographical work of our Government, which has of late become of much importance and should have been made a prominent feature of the Congress.

A SCIENTIFIC congress is to be held at Nancy, commencing on the 19th of the present month, which will be of especial interest to this country, as it has for its object the consideration of the archæological history of America before its discovery by Columbus. It will be attended by the scientists of France; especially those interested in archæology, and by a liberal representation of scientific gentlemen from this country, who have taken with them a large number of specimens of the work of the pre-historic races for inspection and careful study. This subject is one of much interest to us and to every one, and is growing in importance and becoming more thoroughly investigated. A number of parties are now in the field gathering articles, the work of the former inhabitants, for exhibition at the Centennial and for the Smithsonian and other Institutes. The Government has taken sufficient interest to bear a portion of the expenses in some cases, and it is only to be regretted that the authorities did not see fit to so far recognize the importance of the subject as to make appropriations and send men and all available specimens to the forthcoming meeting in France. The Congress was proposed and called by M. Simonin, the author of the scientific and highly interesting series of articles on America now appearing in the "Revue des Deux Mondes." One of the principal features of the affair will be an exposition of archaological specimens gathered here and in possession of selentists of both Europe and America. It is believed that the Congress may result in some new ideas and information and in awakening still more interest in the subject here and elsewhere.

THE POSTAL CONFEDERATION.

The International Postal Confederation, the articles of which were signed at Berne, Switzerland, in October last, by representatives of the United States, of all the States of Europe and of Egypt, went into effect on the first of the present month, and is likely to prove of much benefit in increasing communica-

THE DAILY STAR. tion between this and other countries Lower the boats—the pumps are useand in strengthening the bonds of good feeling and feeling and feelowship now existing. Its practical utility in establishing a low rate of postage, which is not only permanent, but the same to all the countries included within the confederation, will recommend it to all, and especially so to the foreigner, who, with the large to the foreigner, who, with the large of course, and all was proceeding well, when, just as the last boat was being filled, I remembered that in my hurry I had left my mother's miniature in my object. There was plenty of time to fe the learned upon his arrival here, will have but a single and uniform rate of postage to pay, and none of the former trials of foreign correspondence to puzzle his

The treaty, although very simple in its system of working, promises to be complete and satisfactory in its results.

The countries included in the confederation form, by the articles of agreement, "a single postal territory for the reciprocal exchange of correspondence between its post-offices." The general established rate of postage between any two of these offices, no matter how remote, is five cents for each letter not exceeding one half ounce in weight, and Missouri, are following the example of an additional five cents for each addi-Cincinnati and other cities and are hav- tional half ounce or fraction thereof. ing some loud talk over their Water- For newspapers, books or other parcels, the rate is one and one-half cents for every two ounces.

These rates may, if thought best, be reduced to tour cents or raised to six for letters, and reduced to one cent or raised to two for papers and packages by countries whose monetary or other conditions require such action.

As all postage is to be collected and retained at the "country of origin," or place where the mail matter is posted, this action by any particular country will not embarrass the others, or hinder the workings of the organization in any way. Each country thus governs its own rates without interfering with those of the others, and no country collects the charges of any but itself. In cases where postage is not prepaid, the "country of distribution" collects her own rate and keeps the moneys thus collected.

The International Office of Account for conducting the general |business of the union and assessing upon its members the cost of carrying closed mails through intervening countries is located at Berne, the birth-place of the treaty. The plenipotentiaries of the countries three years for the purpose of perfecting the system and admitting new members. The present members are bound to remain in the association for three years, but after that may withdraw by giving due notice.

The system is a novel one, but has in t, in a somewhat crude shape, the elements of a needed reform, and is one of the advance steps of higher civilization and of a union of the nations of the earth in the propagation of universal good will and universal intelligence.

A TERRIBLE MOMENT.

Yes, terrible—that's just what it was. I shall never forget it, even should I live to one of those wondrous ages at time-recorded in the papers. Moreover it was not a thing for a man to forget. Many events may slip from our mind, but never that moment when we stand on the brink of the grave, brought thither by the probability of an awful death.

It happened in this way. I had been in Australia for ab ut five years, during which time I had amassed a considerable fortune, when I began to long to see Yes, terrible-that's just what it was

which time I had amassed a considerable fortune, when I began to long to see the old country again—a desire considerably strengthened by the fact that the girl I loved, and who had consented to be my wife, was going to England, and I could not bear the thought of such termined to go too, and let our marriage take place there.

May Brodstone was the only daughter of a well-to-do 'squire, and the prettiest and nicest girl for miles round the station, though, until I had become ac-quainted with her, rather fond of a bit of virlish flirtation. This was the worst

girlish flirtation. This was the worst for me as it turned out.

Among her many admirers was one Jacob Kiel. Dark-haired, dark-eyed, dark-complexioned, he was of that class of men who feel strongly and who never forget an injury—like wild-cats, they are nasty customers to offend. Well, May, I fear, had flirted with Jacob Kiel, who, I really believe loved the year ground. I really believe, loved the very ground she walked on, though she declared— and I knew it was true—that she had

ever given the slightest hope. It was about this time I appeared upon the scene; and she discovered that sh the scene; and she discovered that she had found the right girl. May Brodstone instantly gave up all her admirers, was as steady and quiet as a gum tree when no wind blows, and finally said the "Yes" upon

which my happiness depended.
Old Mr. Brodstone knew that the match would be a good one, and readily gave his consent, so that our engagement was soon made public. I was present when the news reached Jacob Kiel. I shall never forget his face. His lips were compressed, his dark eyes contracted compressed, his dark eyes contracted; he looked from May to me, and I felt that, if eyer he could, he would do me mischief. Without a syllable he quitted the place. A strauge sensation ran through me as he departed, and May told me that a shudder ran through her yeins.

We did not see much of Kiel after this, though we know he was after this,

We did not see much of Kiel after this, though we knew he was often about the station upon business; but the man somehow threw a kind of shadow over May's and my happiness, and we were not at all sorry when we got on board the steamer and steamed off toward Old England. We had not, however, got clear out of sight of land when May, giving a little cry, put her hand on my arm, sud slightly nodding her head toward the lower deck, said:

"Oh, Edward, look—he is here, too!"
And so he was. Leaning quietly over the side, viewing the land apparently, was Jacob Kiel—a passenger for England, like ourselves. I will own that I was considerably annoyed, though when May, drawing nearer, exclaimed, in a startled voice, "Edward, dear, I don't know how it is, but I dread that man—I can not divest my mind of the thought

know how it is, but I dread that man—I can not divest my mind of the thought that he means us harm." I langhed and tried to banish so absurd an idea. And certainty it appeared I had every right to do so. Save by a casual interchange of a few words, Kiel never troubled us; and we were making a capital journey, when, just as we were within twenty degrees of the line, we were struck by a hurricane, which the captain declared was almost a cyclone in violence.

The vessel could not weather it. The

The vessel could not weather it. The masts crashed overboard, taking several of the crew with them, and, before the wreck could be cut adrift, a portion of the broken spars deshing against the the broken spars, dashing against the ship, had caused a leak below the water line, and the cry was, "We are sinking!

had left my mother's miniature in my chest. There was plenty of time to fe tch it, and in a second I was down in the cabin. Flinging open the lid, my hand was already upon the likeness, when I heard a foot upon the stairs. I turned, and by the dim light swinging from the roof perceived Jacob Kiel.

Good Heavans! The diabolical expression upon his face, the flendish malice in his dark suake-like eyes, revealed his intention in a moment. He had come to do me some bodily harm. Leaping up. I seized my revolver to be on my guard; but an attack was not his purpose. Before I could prevent him, he had quickly closed the cabin door, and locked it on closed the cabin door, and locked it on

the outside! Like a flash of lightning all the horror of my position instantly flashed before me. I was a prisoner in the sinking ship Uttering a loud shout of tury, I sprang forward; the cry was echoed by a laugh from Jacob Kiel. I heard him say— "Who will marry Mary Brodstone now?" and then his feet went rapidly up

the stairs.

I called aloud for help; the uproar of the storm drowned my voice. I paused. Just then the wind fulled, and I heard an order to push off; the speaker was Jacob Kiel. I again shouted in my ag-ony, but my voice and the wind rose to-

ony, but my voice and the wind rose together—I was not heard. I continued
to shout like a madman, though I knew
that all hope was gone—that I was alone
like a trapped rat, in the sinking ship!
Furiously I beat the door, all the while
painfully conscious that rescue was impossible and death certain, for it was
night, and, as no doubt the storm would
separate the boats, my absence would separate the boats, my absence would not be discovered until the vessel had

Could I expect aught else, when in the occasional lull of the hurricane I heard the rush of the deadly waters in the hold, and felt the ship lurch more heavily each moment as she plunged in the trough of the sea? Suddenly she gave a terrific heel over, and a wave came rat-ting down the companion ladder like thunder, rushed under the door, and in-

undated the cabin.
I shricked in agony, believing that all was over, that I was to die thus, not even with the chance of battling for life. I felt that I could meet death firmly if were on deck, with the heavens above I were on deck, with the heavens above me; but my very hair stirred at the hor-rible thought of being buried in the sea as it were in a box. Was there really no way of escape? I looked round and gave a great cry of joy, then leaped forward, careless now that the water mounted

higher and higher.
"Fooi! Idiot!" I exclaimed. "Why did you not think of it before? You ar your own murderer!"

My eyes had rested upon my revolver. In a second I had fired two of its barrels into the lock of the door, shivering it to pieces, and the next moment I was upon the deck—only just in time, for the ves-sel was settling fast. It would have set-tled long before, but that the storm had abated. With a wild hope I looked for the

boats. Near and far all was alike—dark-ness bid the waters, but having succeed-ed so far I resolved not to despair. One by one I discharged the remaining bar-rels of my revolver, and then plunged into the sea, to swim as far as I could from the ship before it sauk, hoping that I should find some pieces of wreek. I did so before I had proceeded far—a with corders attached. This mast with cordage attached. This helped me; for, after lashing myself to the mast as well as I could, the waves bore me away. Suddenly, however, a fearful rush of water seized me. I was drawn rapidly back, and then down, as in a whirlpool—flung, it seemed, here, there and everywhere, after which I remembered no more. When I came to, I was in one of the boats, with May Brod-

stone leaning over me.
It appeared that directly morning dawned the boats were called together, and the captain went over the names. dered—as did not Jacob Kiel—what could have prevented my getting into one of the boats.

The sea was nearly calm, the sun shi-ning, and their search was not difficult. They soon perceived a dark object. Apit they found it to be myself, proaching it they found it to be myself, clinging like grim death to the wreck, but laughing and yeiling like a maniac. In fact, I was mad, and for some time after they managed to get me into the boat I remained so; then I became calmer, though I was delirious for a whole day and night.

Directly sensibility returned I told my breedly sensionity returned I told my story, filling every one with horror, es-pecially May Brodstone. "I see it all!" exclaimed the Captain. "The villain! Last night our boats sep-

Mrs. Tong Check,nes Emma Eargesen Mrs. Tong Check, nee Emma Eargesen, a middle-aged white lady who recently married a Mongolian, is a constant source of trouble to the police. Intemperance is her ruling passion, and by giving loose rein she manages to spend about ten months every year in the County Jail. During a recent debauch, she accepted the offer of Tong Check's hand and made the heart of the Celestial elad by marrying him according to she accepted the offer of Tong Check's hand and made the heart of the Celestial glad by marrying him according to the tenets of his own religion. A week of wedded life, however, convinced of wedded life, however, convinced to whisky straight, is anything but a blessing, and the philosophical son of Confucius quietly resigned all claims to this better half and turned her over to the police on a charge of habitual drunknenness. Yesterday she received sendence, and became so indiguant at the xtent of the penalty that she took of the boots and smashed one of the Court windows. After this achievement, she attempted to climb over the dock with the intention of smashing the bald head of the Bailiff, but was forcibly restrained by two officers and taken away, cursing with a glib heaftiness that would have put the army in Hades to the blush. This morning, her penalty will be lucreased on additional charges of malicious mischief, contempt of Court, etc., Alta.

They thought Meaths State of the Sacrament three times a part water of the sacrament three times a pratical to often. 5. The apocryphal lessons are of communicate often. 5. The apocryphal lessons are omitted from the purpores. 6. Cousecration of the elements of the Lord's Supper is to take place from the north side of the table. 7. Confession is displaced from the form for visitation of the sick, and the absolution from the communion service, S. A question and answer explanatory of the Lord's Supper are placed in the catechism.

The following is a list of the delegates appointed by the Presbyterian Assembly (Northern) to attend the meeting which will be held in London on July 12 for the purpose of forming a confederation of Presbyterian Churches: Edward D. Morris, D. D., Moderator of the General Assembly; Howard Crosby, D. D., LL. D.; Jas. McCosh, D. D., LL. D.; Jas. McCosh, D. D., LL. D.; Jas. McCosh, D. D., LL. D.; John Hall, D. D., Trenton; Thomas H. Robinson, D. v.

RELIGIOUS.

It is reported there are 500 Baptist

appointed to the vacancy in the

Rev. B. D. Wyekoff, having been obliged to return from India on account of his own and his wife's ill health, is now at Freehold, N. J.

A wonderful revival has been in prog-ress at Madison, Ind., for nearly two weeks past, under the direction of the Y. al. C. A. About 700 conversions have

taken place. The next meeting of the Evangelical Alliance will be held in Belfast in Octo-ber next. A number of distinguished visitors from America and the Continent

Protestants have built a church a Smithfield, London, to commemorate the martyrs burned there, and the Catholics intend to build one at the Tower to commemorate others.

The colored Baptists of Georgia intend to found a Normal and Theological School at Atlanta. They have adopted the ceutennial pian of \$1 subscriptions from their own people in order to procure the desired amount.

Rev. Dr. M. D. Hoge, Moderator of the Assemby; Rev. Dr. Leievre, of Baltimore, and Dr. Stuart Robinson, of Louisville, have been appointed delegates from the Southern Church to the Council of the Presbyterian Confederation, to be held in London, July 21.

The Rev. Dr. Chambers, of Philadelphia, after running an independent eccle-siastical existence for several years and ministering to one of the largest congre-gations in that city, has returned to the Presbyterian fold, where he has been cordially received.

The Republic of Costa Rica grants religious liberty to all sects and religions. It has a population of nearly 1,000,000 inhabitants, but only one Protestant minister in all the land. An appeal has been made to the Methodists of the Unied States to send missionaries thitner

The present statistics of the Reformed The present statistics of the herormen Church in the United States are; Gen-eral Synod, 1; district synods, 6; classes, 44; ministers, 637; candidates for the ministry, 107; congregations, 1,35; mem-bers, 144,351; Sunday-school scholars, 73,274; contributions to general and local benevolence in three years, \$497,217,26. benevolence in three years, \$497,217 26.

The Baptists of Virginia have set apar \$20,000 of the proposed Centennial fund for the endowment of memorial scholar-ships for the benefit of the sons of Baptist ministers in the State. In the other Southern States the Baptists have taker great interest in the Contennial educa-

A new Theological College is to be es-tablished in London in connection with the "English Order of St. Augustine."
The codege is of a high R tualist type, and its objects are to promote the ordination of young men having a calling for the priesthood, and to supply a body of lay preachers for mission work in Louden and elsewhere. don and elsewhere.

There are 160 convents and monas-teries inhabited by 2,000 monks and nuns in Belgium. The income of the renumer in Beigium. The income of the religious orders in that kingdom is one nundred millions of dollars. Germany is poor, and German financiers would like to get hold of the money, on the ground that Belgiana are true Germans and dishonestly usurped such a pile of money.

Bishon Cummins has a letter from a clergyman in the Island of Topago, British West Indies, giving the following information: "I am authorized by the Lee-ward parishes of this island, viz: St. David's and St. Patrick's congregations, when mine was found missing; upon David's and St. Patrick's congregations, which he had resolved to row back, and of about 3,000 attendants and 500 comsee if he could not find me, urged thereto by many of his companions, who won-to join the Reformed Episcopal Church. placing outselves under your Episcopal charge." A cordial reply has been sent.

At the annual meeting of the New Jer-At the annual meeting of the New Jersey Baptist Association, held last week, the following report was made: The twenty-seven churches report thirty-one houses of worship, with an aggregate seating capacity of 11,702, and the total value of church property \$36,300, on which there is a total indebtedness of \$51,273.85. Seven churches report no. \$51,373 48. Seven churches report no debt. There has been paid \$11,982 50 on debts. Three churches report no house of worship. The houses of worship will seat the whole membership and leave 6,-423 seats for strangers. The total mem-bership is 5,270. Baptisms, 439 during the past year.

"The villain! Last night our boats separated in the darkness; this morning the one bearing Jacob Kiel and the worst of the crew was missing. He had either steered the boat upon a different track or paid the fellows to desert us, learned of the punishment that might have awaited him when he touched the land."

Whether this was so I do not know, for we never heard of Jacob Kiel again.

That day we were picked up by one of Green's snips homeward bound, and in due time were landed in England, where May and I were married, and where we now reside; for my wife will not hear of crossing the ocean again, as she can not forget—as Indeed I can not—that most terrible moment of my life.

Men Tong Check was Franceson.

The changes of most importance in th The changes of most importance in the Liturgy of the Irish (disestablished) P. E. Church may be thus stated: 1. The daily use of the morning and evening prayer is no longer required. 2. Confirmation is no longer made a condition of communion. 3. Communion is no longer recommended on occasions of matrimony. 4. Laymen are not required to partake of the sacrament three times a year, but are urged to communicate

attempted to climb over the dock with
the intention of smashing the bald head
of the Bailiff, but was forcibly restrained by two officers and taken away, cursing with a glib heartmess that would
have put the army in Hades to the blush.
This morning, her penalty will be increased on additional charges of malicious mischief, contempt of Court, etc.,
Alta.

They thought Martha Sprott, of New
York, had jumped from the second-story
winnow in a temporary fit of insanity,
but an investigation brought out the
homely truth that she had been picked
up and pitched out by Mr. Sprott.

Oliver Sherwood was found guilty in the Criminal Court yesterday of obtaining \$50 under false pretenses from Mrs. Anderson, of Louisville, by ald of a

dispatch which she sent over the West-ern Union Telegraph. He was remanded to Jail for sentence.

Judge Murdock yesterday dissolved the injunction in the case of Thomas Holliday against D. McCollum, restrain-ing the decendant from maintaining a

Holliday against D. McColium, restraining the detendant from maintaining a toil-gate on the Winton road.

A. N. Wexelburg brought a suit before Judge Avery and a jury, yesterday, against J. H. Schroer, to recover \$3.704 as a balance alleged to be due on account. Case in progress.

Judge Tilden yesterday decided the case of Azariah Compton against Mary Bruer and others, a petition in error, to reverse the judgment at the Special Term of the Superior Court. The action was brought in February, 1874, by the defendants in error, to foreclose a mortgage.

In October, 1863, Mary Bruer, one of the delendants in error, together with her then husband, filed their petition in partition in the Court of Common Pleas of Hamilton county, making the remaining defendants in error, and others, de-fendants. Partition was ordered, and the lands, ascertained to be incapable of the lands, ascertained to be incapable of dwision, were sold in January, 1865, by the Sheriff, to Azarlah Compton. Two-thirds of the purchase-money was paid to the Sheriff at the time of the sale, and the Sheriff at the time of the sale, and the balance, after payment of costs, was, by order of Court, paid over to the at-orneys of the demandants in partition. For the balance of the purchase money the order of confirmation directed the Sheriff "to take the note" of the plaintiff sheriff "to take the note" of the plaintiff in error, payable in two years, with interest, to be secured by mortgage. The Court held that the judgment below, which was against the plaintiff in error, ought to be reversed with costs. Judge Yaple dissented.

THE BATES WILL CASE.

The testimony for the defense in this case was resumed. Mr. Tuttle, one of the witnesses to the will, testified to the general good condition of Mr. Bates'

Mrs. Nicholas and Mrs. Tranchant were recalled. Both testified that Fred-erika Adeler said in their presence that John Bates' will could not be broken; that she could say nothing to assist in breaking it, and that Harry Bates ought to be ashamed of himself for saying his grandfather was drunk when he signed he will, &c.

the will, &c.

Mrs. Hickenlooper, granddaughter of
John Bates, testified that she frequently
saw bim in 1869 and '70, and never
thought that anything was the matter
with his mind. It was always sound.

Pearson C. Browne testified that the property, heretofore referred to, near Browne street, was worth, in '69, \$3,000

per acre.

Mr. Hooper, who was in the banking house of Burt & Co. in 1848, where Bates deposited his money, testified that about 1808 ne, whenever he could, obtained the attestation of Harker to John Bates' signature to checks, but had paid money on checks not attested; he wanted the attestations because he had heard of troubles in the family relating to Harry C. Bates, not because Mr. Bates' mind was unsound. Case still in progress.

Real Estate Transfers. 8. S. Carpenter, Touster, to Casper Sour Lots 155 and 159, in Clark's addition to Fair mount-\$1 and other considerations.

C. F. Hetlich and wife to Frank Thleman lot 25 by 100 feet, on the north side of Find-lay street, 245 feet east of Baymiller street-L. C. Hopkins and wife to H. H. Allen, Lot

L. C. Hopkins and wife to H. H. Allen, Lot to in the grantor's addition to Glendale—\$615.

Sylvester Hand and wife to Jacob Casper, lot 50 by 190 feet, on the south side of Park avenue, \$20 feet east of Station avenue, Winton Place, Millereck township—\$300.

Administrator of Herman Engel to John Engel, lot 38 by 125 feet, on the west side of Brown street, \$477 feet north of Marshall avenue, East Camp Washington—\$30.

John Waish and others, per Sheriff, to Wm. Cornell, lot 50 by 150 feet, on the west side of the C., H. & D. raifroad, 100 feet north of Shacon avenue, Glendale—\$1,406 67.

William Cornell to Thomas Wright, same lot—\$1,700.

N. S. Buxton to Phoebe A. Buxton, 25 acres in same section 25, Sycamore township—\$1.

Wm. T. Dobell and wife to Martha A. Sullivan, 105 lb y 100 feet, on the southeast corner

Phoese a. Buxton to N. S. Buxton, 1/3 acres in same section and township—\$1.

Wm. T. Dobell and wife to Martha A. Sullivan, lot 31 by 100 feet, on the southeast corner of Vine and Waluut streets, Wyoning—\$20.

P. T. Fassett and wife to the First Baptist Church of Cumminsville, lot 50 by 69 feet, on the south size of Division street, 347 feet east of the Colerain pike, Twenty-lifth ward—\$1.

W. A. Goodman and wife to Bellamy Storer, jr., the undivided half of 7:33-100 acres, in Section 16, Miami township—\$500.

Mary A. Colby and husband to H. H. Moore, leasehold 41½ by 121 feet, on the west side of Race street, 121 feet south of Fourth—\$50,000.

Guardian of Belle Wescott and others to David Scharr, lot 25 by 88½ feet, on the north side of Emming street, 79 1-12 feet west of Clifton avectue—\$1,200.

The Charter Oak Life Insurance Company to Anton Steigler, lot 110 by 415 feet, on the hortheast corner of Brown street and Balles avenue, East Camp Washington—\$7,500.

Daniel Weber and wife to Wm. H. Stewart, perpetual lease of Lots & and 30, in J. S. Harrison's subdivision 2: North Bend, containing together 4:100 acres, at an annual rental of \$2, with the privilege of purchasing the same for \$700.

Executor of Andrew Husman to Frederick

for \$700. Executor of Andrew Husman to Frederick Wischmeyer, lot 12% by 97 feet, on the nort slue of Ninth street, 175 feet east of Carr stree John Wallimann and wife to Catherine

John Wallimann and wife to Catherine Kropf, Lot 81, in Morris & Smath's subdivision in the northern part of the Twenty-fourth ward, 40 by 100 feet—4400.

Randell Hunt and wife to Gottlieb Grabenstetter, lot 42½ by 24 feet, on the south side of Spring Grove avenue, west of Dane street, in Cumminsville—\$1,600.

Same to Pater Sorg, lot of the same size, adjoining the above on the cast—\$1,600.

Benjamin Allen to T, J. Cogan, the south part of Lot 17, in the subdivision of Beech Grove, in Avondale, 50 by 200 feet—\$1.

T. J. Cogan to Mary Allen, same lot—\$1.

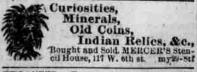
WANTED ... MISCELLANEOUS. W ANTED—Four Ferrotypes for 50c. New York Gallery, 28 W. Fourth st. mh22-Sif

WANTED-Boston Gallery makes 4 Ferro-types for 50c. 217 Central ave. mh22-8tf W ANTED-TO SUPPLY-The public with good Photographs and Ferrotypes at KELLI's, 69 Madison street, Coyngton, Kg. Open every day.

WANTED-PAINTING-C, F. Lautenschlagger, house and sign painter, works
for small profits. Try him. No. 12 W. Sixth
street, Covington, Ky.

WANTED-TO CLOSE OUT-A stock of
first-class Sewing Machines in order to

W first-class Sewing Machines in order to retire finally from the business. Will soil at COST for CASII. Call for AGENT, 200 Walnut street, first floor.



WANTED - Every person suffering with W ANTED—Every person suffering with Bilious Headache to send 35 cents and get a box of our India Root Pills. Impossible for you to remain sick and use them. Recipe for sale—worth £30 to any family. Try Bell's Ethereal Oil for Rheumatism, Sore Throat and Neuraigia. Address L. J. BELL, 49 Broad-way, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED ... SITUATIONS.

WANTED-A GOOD COOK-in a small family. Apply as first house on west side of Ashiand street, south of McMillan Walnut Hills.

RELIGIOUS DIRECTORY.

Tr. AUBURN PRESB'TERIAN CHURCH.

-Rev. E. D. Ledyard, Pastor. Preaching
-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. my15-tf, S

BRO. ELLIS WILL PREACH AT CHRIST-IAN CHAPEL, East End, To-morrow, at il o'clock. Bro. Abbott will conduct the Sun-day-school following, at 8 P. M.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, Ninth Street, between Central avenue and Plum, W. T. Moore, Pastus, Morning subject: "Too Soon," Evening: "Too Late," Seats free. 1t

ST. PAUL M. E. CHURCH, corner of Seventh at H. A. M. and S. P. V. D and Smith streets.—Preaching To-Morat II A. M. and 8 P. M. by the pastor, I C. H. Payne, D. D. Sunday-school at P. M.

SEVENTH-STREET CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH. — Rev. Eben Halley, Pastor. There will be preaching in this Church To-Morrow at Il A. M. by the Pastor. No evening service.

VINE-STREET CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.— Rev. C. B. Boynton, D. D., pastor. Seats free. Strangers made welcome. Preaching To-Morrow, at 11 A. M. Subject: "The Trial Outside of the Conrt-house." No evening service. Sabbath-school at 9:30 A. M.

THE TABERNACLE CONGREGATION—
Rev. Herry D. Moore, Fastor and Minister. The public religious services of the Tabernacie Congregation will be resumed, in Robinson's Opera-house, on Sunday morning, July 11, at 11 o'clock. The Pastor, Rev. Henry D. Moore, will deliver an address on "The Nature of True Religion," and in explanation of the work of this Congregation. The singing will be from the "Tabernacle Songs." We have no spiendid and costly organ to describe, nor any accomplished singer to present, but our Congregational singing will be fed by the following instruments: One flute, two clarionets, some thaseon, two cornects, two horns, one following instruments: One flute, two claim-nets, one thaseon, two cornets, two horns, one trombone and one tuba. All persons and fam-ilies who have no regular place of worship, and all strangers in our city, are confially i vited to attend, and unite in our public services, and assist in our general missionary work. | y0.25

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BAILROAD TIME-TABLE

ATBANTICAND GREAT WESTERN.

Depot, Fifth and Hoadly. Time, 7 minutes fast.
Depart. Arrive, Arrive,
Cin H. Cin'st. Deston.

New York Ex daily. 8:404.M. 5:404.M. 7:259*M.
New York Ex daily. 8:50*P.M. 5:50*P.M. 6:50*A.M. LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI SHORT-LINE. Depot, Front and Kilgour. Time, 4 minutes slow, Louisville Ex daily 5:55A.M. 6:16r.M. 10:20A.M. Louisville (ex Sun). 2:03r.M. 12:16r.M. 7:15r.M. Louisville (daily). 7:00r.M. 25A.M. 11:30r.M.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO, VIA PARKERSBURG,

Depot, Pearl and Plum. Time, 7 minutes fast.
Baltimore (ex Sun). 8:35 A.M. 5:35 A.M. 5:40 A.M. 5:40 A.M.
Baltimore, daily... 8:50 P.M. 9:32 P.M. 6:50 P.M.
Baltimore Ex daily. 11:10 P.M. 6:50 P.M. 10:25 P.M. BALTIMORE AND ORIO. VIA COLUMBUS. Depot, Kilgour and Front, Time, 7 minutes fast. Baltimore Ex daily. 7:15a. M. 5:15a. M. 5:40a. M Baltimore Ex. 7:05P.M. 6:50P.M. 10:25P.M

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI. Outo AND MISSISSIPPI.

Depot, Mill and Front, Time, 12 minutes slow St. Louis Mail 6:30 A.M. 10:30 F.M. 10:30 F.S. Louis Ex daily 7:55 F.M. 8:10 A.M. 8:15 A. Louis Ex daily 7:55 F.M. 8:10 A.M. 8:15 A. Louisville Mail 6:30 A.M. 1:10 F.M. 1:20 F. Couisville Fx 8:10 A.M. 8:10 A.M. 1:20 F. Louisville Ex daily 2:45 F.M. 7:45 F.M. 8:10 F.M. 1:20 F. Louisville Ex daily 7:25 F.M. 8:10 A.M. 8:20 A.M. 12:35 A. Aurora A.G. 5:15 F.M. 7:55 A.M. 8:33 F. Aurora A.G. Sanday 1.55 Osgood Ac. Aurora Ac Sunday 8:304.M. 6:15P.M. 9:15A.M.

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYTON. Toledo Ex.
Toledo Ex. dally
Toledo Ac.
Indianapolis Ac.
Indianapolis Ac. lis (ex Sat) GINCINATI, HAMILTON AND INDIANAPOLIS.

Dept. Fifth and Hoadly. Time 7 minutes fast.

Indianapolis Ac..... 7:30A.M. 10:30r.M. 12:55r.M.

Indianapolis Ac..... 7:00r.M. 12:59r.M. 12:55r.M.

Indianapolis Ac..... 7:00r.M. 12:55r.M. 12:55r.M.

Connersylic Ac..... 4:25r.M. 12:55r.M. 7:25r.M.

7:25r.M. 7:25r.M.

CINCINNATI, RICHMOND AND CHICAGO. Depot, Fifth and Hoadly. Time, 7 minutes fast. Chicago Ex. 7:30 A.M. 9:29 F.M. 8:30 F.M. Richmond Ac. 9:30 F.M. 12:55 F.M. 7:40 F.M. Chicago Ex daily. 7:50 F.M. 8:55 A.M. 7:40 A.M.

GRAND RAPIDS AND INDIANA.

Depot, Fifth and Hoadly, Time, 7 minutes fast.

Grand Rapids Acc., 7:39A.M. B:35P.M. 8:38F.M.

Grand Rapids ex Sat. 7:500F.M. 8:35A.M. 18:30A.M. DAYTON SHORT-LINE AND CLEVELAND. Depot, Pearl and Plum. Time, 7 minutes first,
Boston Ex. 7500A.M. 5500P.M. 4500P.M.
Cleveland Ex. 1050A.M. 5500P.M. 4500P.M.
Sew York Ex daily 940P.M. 5155A.M. 7500A.M.
Springfield Ac. 8500A.M. 350P.M. II:40A.M.
Springfield Ac. 325P.M. 920A.M. 725P.M.
Layton Ac. 650P.M. 745A.M. 8151P.M.
Clayton Ac. 650P.M. 745A.M. 8151P.M.
Chayton Ac. 650P.M. 745A.M. 8151P.M.
Chayton Ac. 650P.M. 745A.M. 8151P.M.
Chayton Short-Link And College Ma.

DAYTON SHORT-LINE AND COLUMBUS. Depot. Pgarl and Plum. Time, 7 minutes fast, Sumbus Ex. 7:00 a.M. 9:30 p.M. 11:50 a.M. Jumbus Ex. 19:50 a.M. 8:50 p.M. 3:55 p.M. Jumbus Ac. 8:45 p.M. 9:30 p.M. 10:10 p.M. CINCINNATI AND SANDUSKY.

CINCINNATI AND SANDUSKY.

Depot, Pearl and Plum. Time, 7 minut andusky Ex. 5:50A.M. 5:50P.M. fellefontaine Ad. 3:45P.M. 9:45A.M. andusky Ex dasy. 9:40P.M. 5:15A.M. | Sandius | Ex daily | Stap M awrenceburg Ac 6:10r.M. alley Junction Ac 11:15r.M. alley Junction Ac 10:00a.M.

Valley Junction Ac. 19:30A.M. 1245P.M. 11:35A.M. WHITEWATER VALLEY.

Depot. Pearl and Plum. City time.
Cambridge City Ac. 7:30A.M. 6:38P.M. 11:35A.M. Har-rstown Ac. 4:45F.M. 8:30A.M. 9:30P.M. 19:35P.M. Connersylle Ac. 7:30A.M. 6:33P.M. 8:32P.M. 8:32P.M. 8:32P.M. 8:32P.M. 8:32P.M. 8:32P.M. 8:32P.M. 8:32P.M. 19:35P.M. Neholasylle Ac. 2:30P.M. 12:30A.M. 8:32P.M. Neholasylle Ac. 2:30P.M. 12:30A.M. 8:30P.M. 12:35P.M. Neholasylle Ac. 2:30P.M. 4:20A.M. 6:30P.M. 8:30P.M. Falmouth Ac. 4:30P.M. D:30A.M. 6:30A.M. 6:30A.M.

| Accordance | Acc

CINOINNATIAND MUSKINGUN VALLEY.

Depot, Front and Kilgour, Time, 7 minutes fast,
Zanesville Ex. 10.50 a. M. 3:40 p.M. 5:50 p.M.
Circleville Ac. 4:10 p.M. 10:15 a.M. 9:20 p.M. COLUMBUS, MT. VERNON AND CLEVELAND. Depot, Front and Kilgour. Time 7 minutes fast. Neveland Ex. 7:35A.M. 6:50P.M. 7:35P.M.

West CHRSAPEARE AND OHIO.